IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE EASTERN DIVISION

SAMANTHA J. GARDNER,)	
Plaintiff,)	
vs.)	Case No: 1:14-cv-01213-STA-dkv
COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL SECURITY,)	
Defendant.)	

ORDER AFFIRMING THE DECISION OF THE COMMISSIONER

Plaintiff Samantha J. Gardner filed this action to obtain judicial review of Defendant Commissioner's final decision denying her application for disability insurance benefits under Title II of the Social Security Act ("Act") and an application for supplemental security income ("SSI") benefits based on disability under Title XVI of the Act. Plaintiff's applications were denied initially and upon reconsideration by the Social Security Administration. Plaintiff then requested a hearing before an administrative law judge ("ALJ"), which was held on March 4, 2013. On March 15, 2013, the ALJ denied the claim. The Appeals Council subsequently denied her request for review. Thus, the decision of the ALJ became the Commissioner's final decision. For the reasons set forth below, the decision of the Commissioner is **AFFIRMED**.

Under 42 U.S.C. § 405(g), a claimant may obtain judicial review of any final decision made by the Commissioner after a hearing to which he was a party. "The court shall have the power to enter, upon the pleadings and transcript of the record, a judgment affirming, modifying, or reversing the decision of the Commissioner of Social Security, with or without remanding the

cause for a rehearing."¹ The Court's review is limited to determining whether there is substantial evidence to support the Commissioner's decision,² and whether the correct legal standards were applied.³

Substantial evidence is "such relevant evidence as a reasonable mind might accept as adequate to support a conclusion." It is "more than a mere scintilla of evidence, but less than a preponderance." The Commissioner, not the Court, is charged with the duty to weigh the evidence, to make credibility determinations and resolve material conflicts in the testimony, and to decide the case accordingly. When substantial evidence supports the Commissioner's determination, it is conclusive, even if substantial evidence also supports the opposite conclusion.

Plaintiff was born on June 27, 1978, and has a high school education. She has past relevant work as a cashier, corrections officer, and secretary. She alleges disability due to degenerative disc disease of the lumbar spine, obesity, gastroesophageal reflux disease, hypertension, and depression beginning July 17, 2009.

¹ 42 U.S.C. § 405(g).

² *Id*.

³ Key v. Callahan, 109 F.3d 270, 273 (6th Cir. 1997). See also Landsaw v. Sec'y of Health & Human Servs, 803 F.2d 211, 213 (6th Cir. 1986).

⁴ Buxton v. Halter, 246 F.3d 762, 772 (6th Cir. 2001) (quoting Richardson v. Perales, 402 U.S. 389 (1971)).

⁵ *Bell v. Comm'r of Soc. Sec.*, 105 F.3d 244, 245 (6th Cir. 1996) (citing *Consolidated Edison Co. v. NLRB*, 305 U.S. 197, 229 (1938)).

⁶ Walters v. Comm'r of Soc. Sec., 127 F.3d 525, 528 (6th Cir. 1997); Crum v. Sullivan, 921 F.2d 642, 644 (6th Cir. 1990); Garner v. Heckler, 745 F.2d 383, 387 (6th Cir. 1984).

⁷ Warner v. Comm'r of Soc. Sec., 375 F.3d 387, 390 (6th Cir. 2004).

Applicants submit these amendments are to more clearly and concisely recite the present invention and are fully supported by the disclosure and figures as originally filed so that no new matter is being added.

Patentability of the Claims Over the Cited References

Claims 28 to 30, and 32 to 35 have been rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as obvious over Downie et al. U.S. 2004/0197097 A1) in view of Meli US Pat. No. 5,793,508A), Kulushov (US Pat. No. 6,353,690 B1) and Huber (US Pat. No. 5,579,143). The Examiner has also rejected claim 36; claim 37; claims 38 and 39; claims 68 and 70-72; claim 73; claim 74; claims 75 and 76 over a number of references, including those applied to Claims 28 to 30, and 32 to 35, and further in view of Vohra (US publication No. 2002/0176134); Mizrahi (US Patent No. 5,457,760); and Lin et al. (US publication No. 2002/0012144).

As discussed above, independent claim 28 has been amended to incorporate the subject matter of claim 31, which the Examiner has deemed as allowable. Likewise, independent claim 68 has also been amended to incorporate the subject matter of claim 69, which the Examiner has deemed as allowable. In view of these amendments, it is respectfully submitted that claims 28 and 68, as amended, now recite the subject matters which are new and inventive of the cited prior art references. Since the subject matter of independent claims 28 and 68 are new and inventive, the Applicant submits that all other claims which depend directly or indirectly from claims 28 or 68 are also patentable.

Applicants respectfully submit that new claim 77, in which the subject matters of claims 28 and 30 have been combined, is not disclosed in any of the cited references and therefore recite patentably distinct subject matter. It is also respectfully submitted that new claim 83, in which the subject matter of claim 30 has been combined with the subject matter of method claim 68, is not disclosed in any of the cited references and therefore recite patentably distinct subject matter.

In view of the foregoing amendments and remarks, reconsideration and withdrawal of the rejection is respectfully solicited and favorable consideration and allowance of claims is requested.

Should the Examiner have any questions regarding the allowability of the claims with respect to the art, it would be appreciated if the Examiner would contact the undersigned attorney-of-record at the telephone number shown below for further expediting the prosecution of the application.

Respectfully submitted,

Dowell & Dowell, P.C.

By:

Ralph A. Dowell, Registration No.

26,868 Date:

DOWELL & DOWELL, P.C. Suite 309, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway Arlington, VA 22202 Telephone - (703) 415-2555 Facsimile - (703) 415-2559 E-mail - dowell@dowellpc.com